

Structured Finance Rating Asset-Backed Securities (Preliminary Report)

New □Update

Publishing Date: March 14, 2023 Analyst

Ezgi Çiçek YILMAZ

+90 212 352 56 73 ezgi.yilmaz@jcrer.com.tr

Assistant Analyst

Ömer Emre YÜCEL +90 212 352 56 73

omeremre.yucel@jcrer.com.tr

Türkiye Menkul Kıymetleştirme Sirketi Fibabanka Ücüncü Varlık Finansmanı Fonu

Type of Asset-Backed Securities	PTCs-Pay Through Certificates			
Founder	Türkiye Menkul Kıymetleştirme Şirketi			
Originator (Parent)	Fibabanka A.Ş.			
Servicer	Fibabanka A.Ş.			
Special Purpose Vehicle	Türkiye Menkul Kıymetleştirme Şirketi Fibabanka Üçüncü Varlık Finansmanı Fonu			
Transaction Administrator	Fibabanka A.Ş.			
Issuer	Türkiye Menkul Kıymetleştirme Şirketi Fibabanka Üçüncü Varlık Finansmanı Fonu			
Registration	Merkezi Kayıt Kuruluşu A.Ş.			
Transferor	Fibabanka A.Ş.			
Purchasing Programme	Fibabanka A.Ş.; (5% of the Issue Amount from Class B)			
Overcollateralization	None			
Specific Applicable Law	The CMB Communiqué Serial: III, No: 58.1 named "Asset-Backed and Mortgage-Backed Securities"			
Insurance Agencies for Investors and Obligors	None			
Issue Nom. Size/Aggregate Issuance	Up to Class A TRY 510mn (Aggregated) (in 5 Separate Tranches) & Up to Class B TRY 72mn (in a single tranche)			
Interest Rate %	Senior Tranche: between 22.50%-30.25% Junior Tranche: TBD			
Coupon %	A: No coupon B: TBD at A's maturity			
Coupon Type	A: No coupon B: TBD at A's maturity			
Estimated Issue Date	16.03.2023			
Weighted Average Life (Class A)	129.94 Days			

RATINGS

			A (Senior Tranche)		B (Junior Tranche)	
ABSs to be issued by "Türkiye Menkul Kıymetleştirme Şirketi Fibabanka Üçüncü Varlık Finansmanı Fonu"		Long Term	Short Term	Long Term	Short Term	
International Local Currency		ВВ	-	ВВ	-	
National Note		AAA (tr)	J1+ (tr)	AA+ (tr)	J1+ (tr)	
Sovereign*	FC		ВВ	-	ВВ	-
	LC		ВВ	-	ВВ	-
	Outlook	FC	Negative	-	Negative	-
		LC	Negative	-	Negative	-

Assigned by JCR on Aug 18, 2022

Overview

"Türkiye Menkul Kıymetleştirme Şirketi Fibabanka Üçüncü Varlık Finansmanı Fonu" (hereinafter referred to as 'Asset Finance Fund', 'the Fund' or 'SPV') was established for an infinite term by Türkiye Menkul Kıymetleştirme Şirketi (TMKŞ) to issue asset-backed securities.

The approved asset amount of the Fund is up to TRY 5bn and its originator is Fibabanka A.Ş., realizing asset-backed securities based on a receivable pool consisting of receivables in instalments of general consumer loans which Fibabanka A.Ş. extended to customers. Having entered as a player in the Turkish finance industry as a subsidiary of Fiba Group on December 27, 2010; Fibabanka A.S. (hereinafter referred to as "Fibabanka" or "the Bank") offers products, services and applications in the domains of its core operations, including corporate, commercial, SME, agricultural, retail and private banking. The Bank had total asset sizes of TRY 74,109mn and TRY 45,162mn in FYE2022 and FYE2021, respectively.

Planned to be issued in 6 separate maturity tranches by a pay-through mechanism, ABSs (asset-backed securities) will be sold on the nominal values to local qualified investors by invitation without any public offering. The essential elements to inspire investor confidence are the similar financial profile of obligors of assets in the receivable pool, low portfolio risk and expected losses of these assets, expected-to-increase liquidity facility to be attained through high ending cash balances of loan repayments by obligors to cover disbursements to ABS investors, and hence increased capacity to repay obligations arising from this ABS issue. The receivable pool is constituted of consumer loans within various cities in Türkiye except 11 cities suffering from the earthquake on February 6, 2023.

JCR Eurasia Rating maintains its opinion that space created for "Türkiye Menkul Kıymetleştirme Şirketi Fibabanka Üçüncü Varlık Finansmanı Fonu" and its technical equipment, as well as risk management and internal control system procedures, the constitution of a system for the safeguarding of accounting, records, and documentation and the possession of a statistical database will function efficiently.

Strengths **Constraints**

- Numerous defined asset eligibility requirements Absence of established insurance mechanism, strengthening the appropriateness level of assets in • Similar risk profiles across the tranches despite the receivable pool,
- Well track record and redemption performance of the consumer loans in the receivable pool,
- Appropriateness level of assets in the receivable pool in terms of their low level of default probability,
- Hedging the possible collection risk arising from the decease of the borrowers covered by life insurance policies at the rate of 50% of the receivable pool,
- Regulatory requirement of a 5% risk retention mechanism as an additional support component for the ABS investors,
- Current local regulations in Türkiye affording asset isolation and remoteness of bankruptcy,
- A liquid portfolio structure guaranteed by matching terms and few conditionalities for receivables,
- Multitudinous profile of obligors in the receivable pool lowering concentration risk to a minimum.

- the presence of a waterfall structure for the senior tranche,
- Possible exposure to interest rate mismatch due to the structure of ABS issues,
- Detailed risk assessments of the submitted documentation outside the scope of our analyses.
- Possible difficulties in legally following up the non-performing loan instalments compared to the receivables with promissory notes,
- Detailed risk assessments of the originator outside the scope of our analyses,
- Growing uncertainties along with geopolitical tension and an increase in the general price level suppressing disposable income.