

Structured Finance Rating Asset-Backed Securities (Preliminary Report)

New □Update

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Chief Analyst Merve HAYAT

+90 212 352 56 73

merve.hayat@jcrer.com.tr

Senior Analyst

Muhammet BASAR +90 212 352 56 73

muhammet.basar@jcrer.com.tr

Pasha Yatırım Bankası A.Ş. Tarfin Varlık Finansmanı Fonu

Type of Asset-Backed Securities PTCs - Pay Throug Certificates	
	ın
Originator (Parent) Tarfin Tarım A.Ş.	
Tarfin Tarim A.Ş. Pasha Yatırım Servicer(s) Bankası A.Ş. & QN Finans Yatırım Menkul Değerler A	В
Pasha Yatırım Special Purpose Bankası A.Ş. Tarfi Vehicle Varlık Finansman Fonu	
Transaction Pasha Yatırım Administrator Bankası A.Ş.	
Pasha Yatırım Bankası A.Ş. Tarfi Varlık Finansman Fonu	
Registration Merkezi Kayıt Kuruluşu A.Ş.	
Transferor Tarfin Tarım A.Ş.	
Purchasing Tarfin Tarım A.Ş. (5% of the Issue Amount)	
Overcollateralization Tarlin Tarlin A.Ş. (10.0 % of the Iss Amount)	; ue
The CMB Communiqué Seria III, No: 58.1 name "Asset-Backed an Mortgage-Backed Securities"	ed d
Insurance Agencies for Investors and None Obligors	
Issue Nom. Size/Aggregate Issuance Up to TRY 100mm (Aggregated) (in separate tranches	5
Interest Rate 38%	
Payment Frequency- Principal At maturity	
Payment Frequency- Interest At maturity	
Estimated Issue Date 07.10.2022	
Weighted Average Life 245 Days	

RATINGS

	to be issued by "Pasha Yatırım Bankası A.Ş. Tarfin Finansmanı Fonu"	Long Term	Short Term
Nation	al Note	A+ (tr)	J1+ (tr)
Intern	ational Local Currency	BB	-
Intern	ational Foreign Currency	ВВ	-
Sovereign*	Foreign Currency	BB	-
	Local Currency	BB	-
	FC Outlook	Negative	-
	LC	Negative	-

Overview

"Pasha Yatırım Bankası A.Ş. Tarfin Varlık Finansmanı Fonu" (hereinafter referred to as Asset Finance Fund, "the Fund" or "SPV") was established for an infinite term by Pasha Yatırım Bankası A.Ş. (Pasha Bank) to issue asset-backed securities.

Approved asset amount of the Fund is up to TRY 100mn and its originator is Tarfin Tarim A.Ş., realizing the forward sales of the agricultural products to agriculturist through its widespread sales points in Turkey. The obligors are arising from sales of forward agricultural inputs to diversified farmers' portfolio distributed across different geographical regions in Turkey and agricultural products.

Planned to be issued in 5 separate maturity tranches by a pay-through mechanism and without any seniority there among, ABSs (asset-backed securities) will be sold on the nominal values to local qualified investors by invitation without any public offering. The essential elements to inspire investor confidence are the similar financial profile of obligors of assets (agricultural receivables) in the receivable pool, low portfolio risk and expected losses of these assets, expected-to-increase liquidity facility to be attained through high ending cash balances of loan repayments by obligors to cover disbursements to ABS investors, and hence increased capacity to repay obligations arising from this ABS issue. In addition to the ABS issues of TRY 1mn on June 20, 2018; TRY 1mn on December 4, 2018; TRY 10mn on May 31, 2019; TRY 10mn on November 22, 2019; TRY 20mn on February 27, 2020; the detailed disclosures were issued by JCR Eurasia of TRY 14mn on June 26, 2020; TRY 40mn on October 8, 2020, TRY 46mn on February 24, 2021; TRY 50mn on June 10, 2021; TRY 50mn on September 24, 2021; TRY 50mn on November 5, 2021; TRY 50mn on December 9, 2021; TRY 100mn on February 25, 2022, TRY 100mn on April 20, 2022, TRY 100mn on May 18, 2022 and TRY 100mn on June 17, 2022, respectively based on other credit pools formed from other loan receivables of the same nature with the same legal entities of the same parties.

JCR Eurasia maintains its opinion that space created for "Pasha Yatırım Bankası A.Ş. Tarfin Varlık Finansmanı Fonu" and its technical equipment, as well as the internal control system procedures, the constitution of a system for the safeguarding of accounting, records, and documentation and the possession of a statistical data base will function efficiently - also regarding the prior similar issues.

Strengths Constraints

- Numerous defined asset eligibility requirements strengthening appropriateness level of assets in the receivable pool,
- Replacement instrument to be given for delinquencies in the pool by the originator,
- Current local regulations in Turkey affording for asset isolation and remoteness of bankruptcy,
- An immune and liquid portfolio structure guaranteed by matching terms and few conditionalities for receivables,
- Homogeneous and multitudinous profile of obligors in the receivable pool lowering concentration risk to minimum,
- Regulatory requirement of 5% risk retention mechanism and 10.0% collateral of total pool serving as additional supports component for the ABS investors.

- Absence of established insurance mechanism,
- Recourse facility only limited to the assets of the Fund and not to cover any other obligors,
- Excess spread level pressurized by exposure of the structure to interest rate mismatch in terms of fixed vs. floating rates to a certain extent,
- Detailed risk assessments of the originator and transaction administrator outside the scope of analyses,
- The increasing amount of ABS issuance and financing expenses suppress the financial indicators of the originator,
- Growing uncertainties along with geopolitical tension and increase in the general price level suppressing disposable income and difficulties in accessing financial resources.